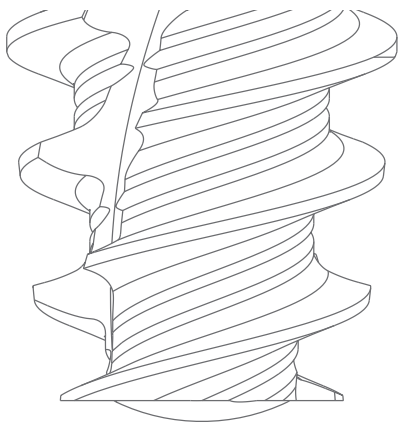


GMI AVANTGARD PEAK

implant system



Surgical procedures guide

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

This surgical procedures guide or surgical manual for the **GMI avantgard PEAK** implant system is exclusively designed to provide instructions for using **GMI avantgard PEAK** products, and is not intended to describe diagnosis methods or procedures, treatment planning or the location of the implants, nor does it replace clinical training or clinical judgement about the needs of each patient. **GMI** recommends appropriate and specific training as a prerequisite for the placement of implants and the associated treatment.

The methods illustrated and described in this manual reflect an ideal patient with the bone and soft tissue required for the placement of an implant. We do not intent to cover the wide range of adverse conditions that may negatively affect the success of the surgery or rehabilitation. **The experience and judgement of the clinician in relation to any particular case must always be above the recommendations made in this or any other GMI manual.**

Rx only - Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts these devices to sale by, or on the order, of a dentist or physician.

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DESCRIPTION OF THE IMPLANT SYSTEM



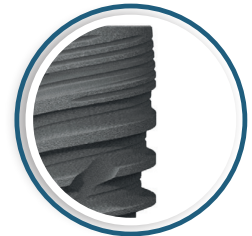
▶ INDICATIONS

GMI avantgard PEAK Dental Implant System model is intended to be used for surgical placement in upper or lower jaw to provide a support for prosthetic devices such as artificial teeth, in order to restore the patient's chewing function. These products should only be used by trained professionals.

▶ KEY FEATURES

CRESTAL BONE PRESERVATION

Inverted cone shaped coronal area prevents overcompression of crestal bone and the treatment of the entire outer surface of the implant with its subcrestal placement and cortical micro-threading increases the surface of bone-implant contact, thus improving load distribution and reducing crestal bone resorption.



INTEGRATED PLATFORM SWITCHING

The integrated platform switching and the concave profile of the abutment allows a greater thickness of soft tissues facilitating the creation of the biological seal space.



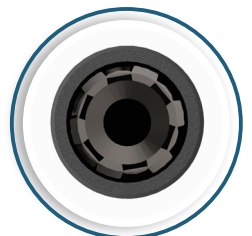
HIGH PRIMARY STABILITY

The progressive thread design allows high primary stability to be obtained from the first turns. Especially suitable for type III / IV bones and post-extraction.



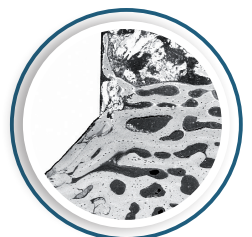
STABLE AND ACCURATE CONNECTION

The self-locking inner cone of 7.5 degrees create a stable connection that minimizes micro movements and the implant-abutment gap while minimizing bacterial infiltration.



EXCELLENT BIOLOGICAL RESPONSE

Implant made of pure grade 4 titanium with an exclusive ADS surface treatment that generates an excellent biological response promoting osseointegration of the implant even in the most complicated cases.



▶ IMPLANT RANGE

The **GMI avantgard PEAK** implant range consists of implants available in four diameters and different lengths to suit all clinical situations:

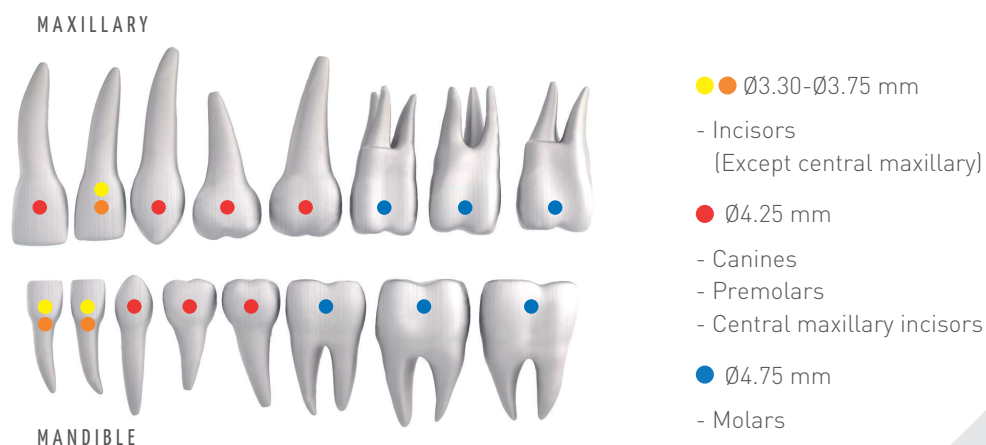
Ø BODY	Ø3.30 mm	Ø3.75 mm	Ø4.25 mm	Ø4.75 mm
COLOUR	●	●	●	●
PLATFORM	NP	RP	RP	RP
LENGTHS	10 to 15 mm	8 to 15 mm	6.5 to 13 mm	6.5 to 13 mm

▶ USAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

Before starting any type of surgical procedure with GMI implants follow the recommendations below:

- Plan the treatment using radiological templates.
- Observe the distances between the implant and tooth adjacent to and between adjacent implants.
- Read the instructions for use at www.gmidental.com/ifu.
- Become familiar with all instrumental parts and their usage.
- Read the specific drilling sequences for each implant diameter.
- Clean and properly sterilize surgical kit following the instructions.

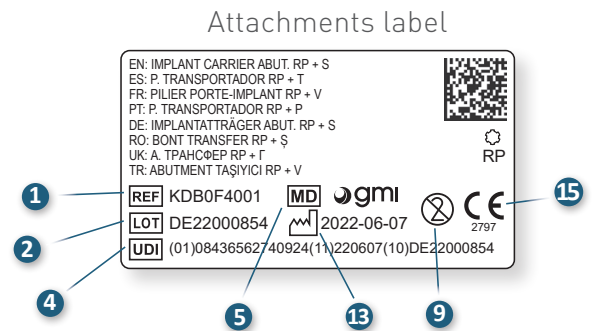
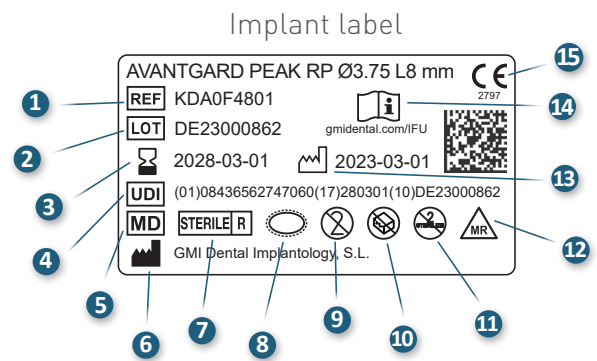
GMI avantgard PEAK implants have been designed to be used as a unitary restoration according to the following occlusal diagram:



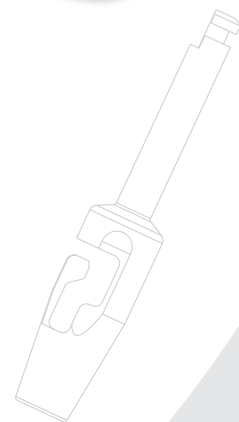
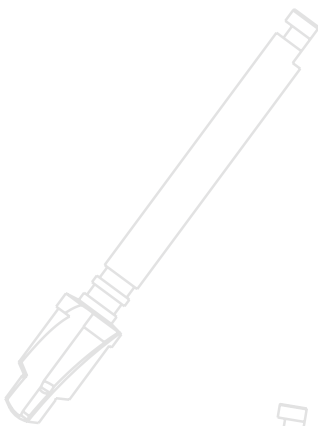
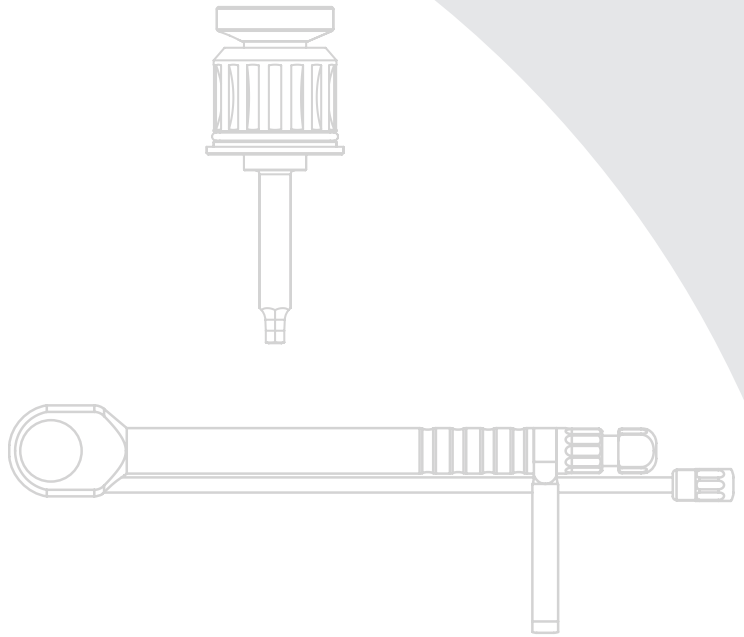
▶ IMPLANT SYSTEM LABELLING DESCRIPTION

In the chart are detailed all the symbols that appear on the implant system labelling and packaging and their corresponding description:

1		Reference
2		Batch code
3		Use-by-date
4		Unique device identifier
5		Medical device
6		Manufacturer
7		Sterilized using gamma radiation
8		Single sterile barrier system with protective packaging outside
9		Single use only
10		Do not use if packaging is damaged or opened
11		Do not resterilize
12		MR Conditional: Items do not pose any known hazards in a specific MR environment with specific conditions of use
13		Manufacturing date
14		Electronic instructions for use gmdental.com/IFU
15		European conformity mark
16		Sale by or on the order of a licensed dentist
17		Non-sterile



GMI
AVANTGARD PEAK
SURGICAL KIT
(KYCOF3054)



The **GMI avantgard PEAK surgical kit** consists of a box of autoclavable technical plastic which includes all the necessary components for preparing the bone bed and placing the implant.

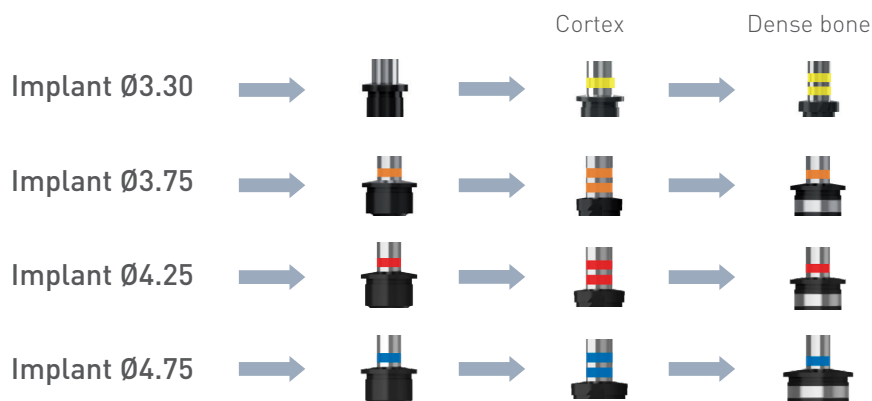
DENTAL DRILLS



- **Initial drill:** It allows starting the osteotomy by gradually widening it up to $\varnothing 2.00$ mm.
- **Pilot drill:** Enables starting the osteotomy by performing a drilling of $\varnothing 2.50$ mm to the desired depth. To control the depth the high contrast depth markings can be used or the GMI drill stops.
- **Step drill $\varnothing 2.50 / \varnothing 2.80$:** It allows progressive and concentric widening of the initial drilling.
- **Conical drill:** It allows the progressive widening of the bone bed, adapting it to the shape of the implant. Final drill for type IV bones.
- **Cortical drill:** It allows widening the cortical part of the osteotomy to avoid overcompression of the cortex. Final drill for type II / III bones.
- **Step drill:** Gradually widens the osteotomy allowing implant placement in dense bone. Final drill for type I / II bones.



Color coding: According to implant diameter and bone density.



PARALLELING PINS



Once inserted into the bone bed, it enables checking the parallelism between the preparation and other adjacent structures or implants. It can be used on both sides depending on the diameter of the drilling: on one side it measures $\varnothing 2.00$ mm and on the other side $\varnothing 2.80$ mm.



DEPTH GAUGE



Once inserted into the osteotomy it enables checking the depth of the preparation to adapt it to the length of the implant to be placed. There are four models with different diameters: $\varnothing 2.50$ mm, $\varnothing 3.20$ mm, $\varnothing 3.70$ mm and $\varnothing 4.20$ mm. The marks of the implant lengths are included (L6.5/L8/L10/L11.5/L13/L15/L17).



TIP EXTENDER



In cases where it is necessary it increases the length of the components with HP connections by 15 mm.



HEX-1.20 HEXAGONAL WRENCHES



Once introduced in the hexagon socket part, it enables screwing and loosening the cover screws, the healing abutments and clinical screws. They are designed both for manual use as well as coupled to the TI ratchet wrench. They are available in long (28 mm) and short (21 mm) versions.



INSERTION WRENCHES



Once inserted correctly in the implant connection it enables removing the implant, putting it into the mouth, starting the thread manually in the bone bed and carrying out the final insertion with the TI ratchet wrench. They are available in short and long versions and have depth and orientation markings as a reference. There is also a version with HP connection.



TI RATCHET WRENCH



Ratchet wrench with torque indicator (TI) allows controlling the insertion torque when screwing the implant during the surgical procedure, and accurately applying torque on the attachments of the prosthetic phase. See instructions for reference.



OPTIONAL SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS



This section describes the optional surgical instruments used only in specific cases and that are not part of the **GMI avantgard PEAK** surgical kit.

GINGIVAL PUNCH

Enables making circular incisions directly into the soft tissue, avoiding having to do the flap technique to discover the implant bone bed. They are available in cut diameters of $\varnothing 5.00$ and $\varnothing 6.00$ mm.



HP ADAPTOR WRENCH

Adapter that allows using all the wrenches with a HP connection (hand-piece) manually or coupled to the TI ratchet wrench.



DEPTH STOPS FOR DRILLS

For controlling in a simple, precise and safe way the drilling depth of the bone bed depending on the length of the implant to be placed. They are available in three diameters depending on the diameter of the drill to be used: L1 (for drilling from $\varnothing 2.0$ mm and $\varnothing 3.0$ mm) L2 (for drilling from $\varnothing 3.2$ mm and $\varnothing 4.3$ mm) and L3 (for drilling between $\varnothing 4.5$ mm and $\varnothing 5.4$ mm) and for implant lengths between 6.5 and 15 mm. They are available separately or in a kit that includes all the stops.



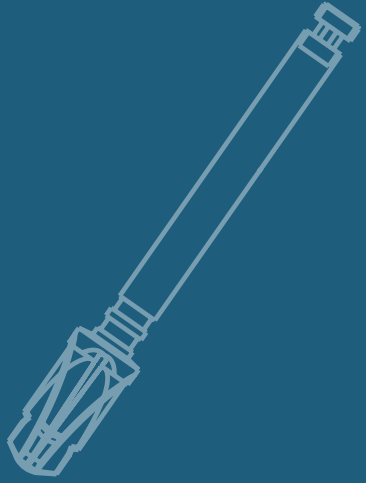
IMPLANT EXTRACTOR

Once introduced into the internal thread of the implant, it enables removing a failed implant from the bone bed, preventing the use of trephines and thus preserving a greater amount of bone. They are designed to be used manually with the TI torque wrench.

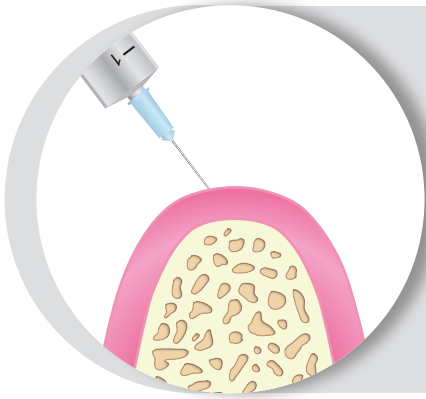




**SURGICAL
PROTOCOL**
(step 1)

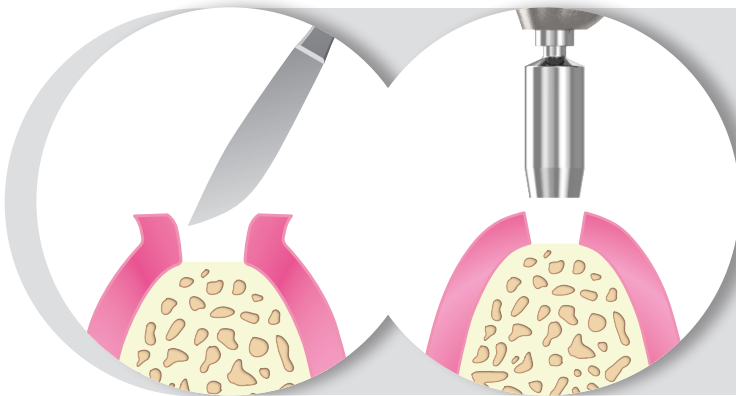


BONE BED DRILLING



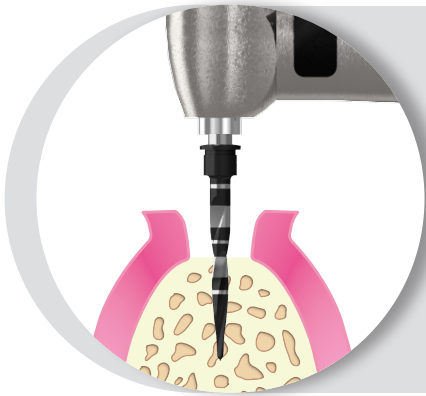
1. Anaesthetize

Apply infiltrative anaesthesia in soft tissues following standard clinical procedures.



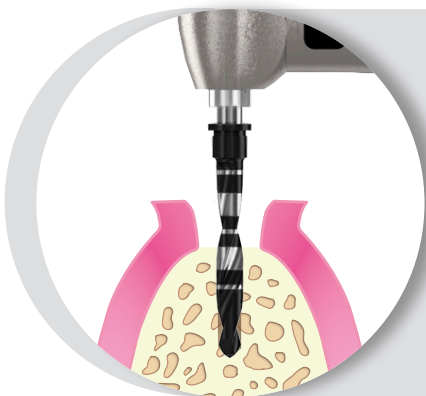
2. Perform soft tissue incision

Identify the anatomical area to respect and uncover the bone in the implant placement by making a crestal incision with a scalpel if use the flap technique, or using a manual gingival punch for flapless technique (Ref. KYLOF0024 or KYLOF0082) or with a HP connection (Ref. KYLOC0074 or KYLOC0075).



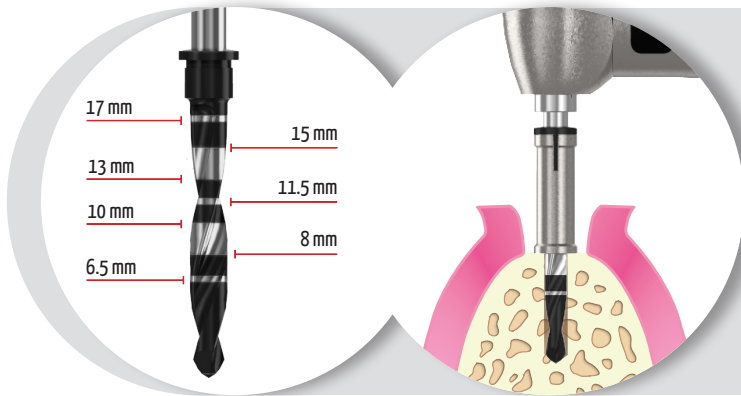
3. Mark osteotomy beginning

Set the engine speed between 900-1200 rpm and use the initial drill (Ref. KYFOC1401) to start the osteotomy, gradually widening it to $\varnothing 2.00$ mm. Use plenty of external cooling with saline solution at a low temperature.



4(a). Perform initial drilling

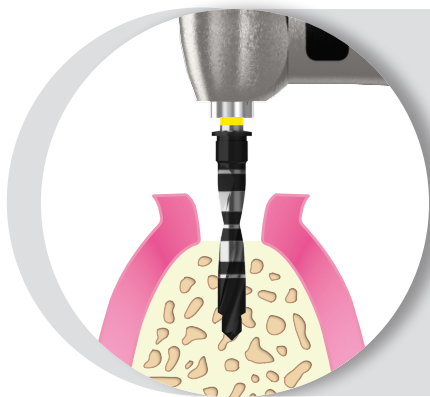
Set the engine speed between 900-1200 rpm, depending on the bone density, and use the pilot drill (Ref. KYFOC2250) to widen the osteotomy by making a $\varnothing 2.50$ mm drill hole to the desired depth. Use plenty of external cooling with saline solution at a low temperature.



4(b). Drill depth control

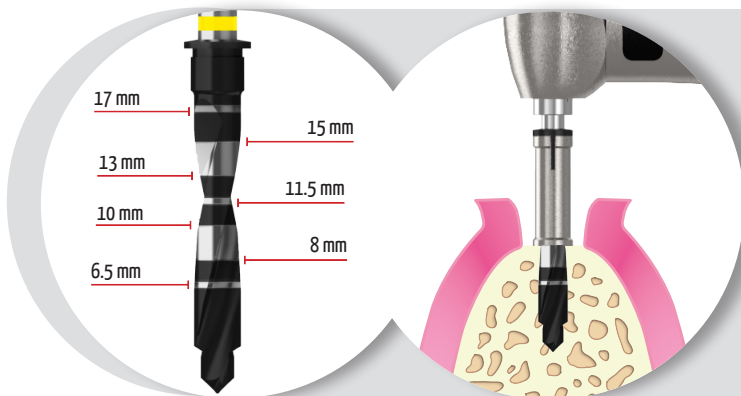
To control the depth of the osteotomy use the high contrast visual markers on the drill or the appropriate stop.

For the reference see the **GMI** stop instructions for use.



5(a). Carry out guide drilling

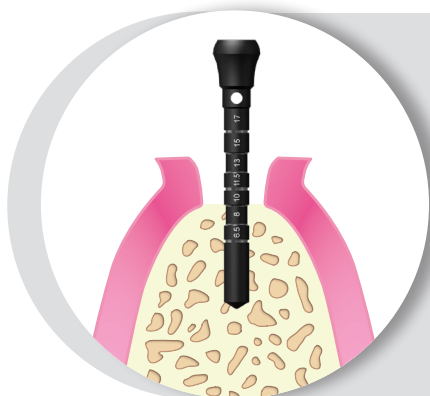
Set the engine speed between 800-900 rpm and use the step drill $\varnothing 2.50$ / $\varnothing 2.80$ mm (Ref. KYF0C5129) to carry out a concentric milling that will help to center the next drill in the sequence.



5(b). Drill depth control

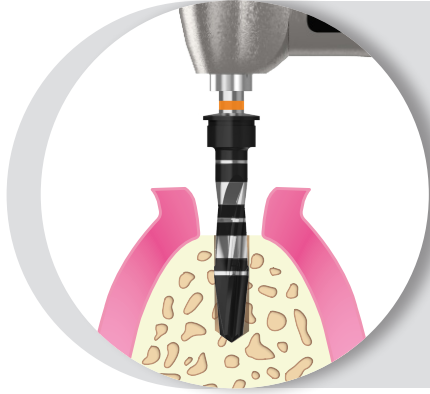
To control the depth of the osteotomy use the high contrast visual markers on the drill or the appropriate stop.

For the reference see the **GMI** stop instructions for use.



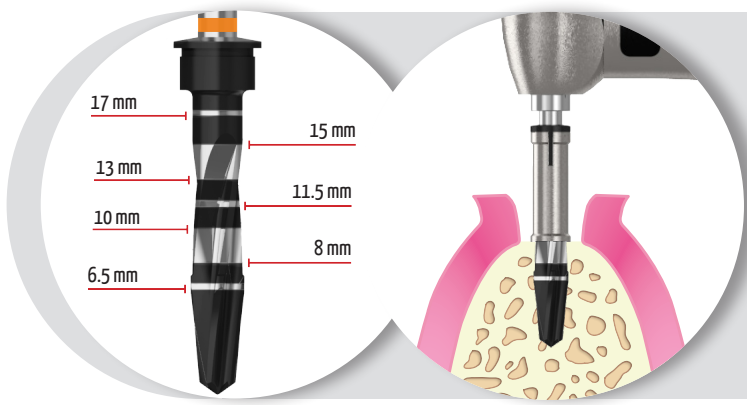
6. Check depth with the $\varnothing 2.50$ mm gauge

Insert the $\varnothing 2,50$ mm depth gauge (Ref. KYL0C0165) to check the depth of the osteotomy.



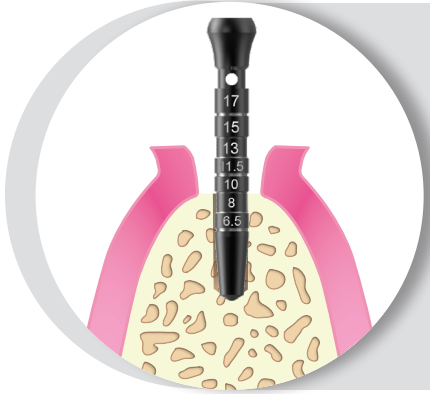
7(a). Perform osteotomy widening

Set the engine speed between 400 and 700 rpm, depending on the bone density, and use Ø2.80 to Ø5.10 mm drills (Ref. KYF0C01XX) to progressively widen the osteotomy. Use the appropriate drilling sequence for each implant diameter (see next section for reference). Use plenty of external cooling with saline solution at a low temperature.



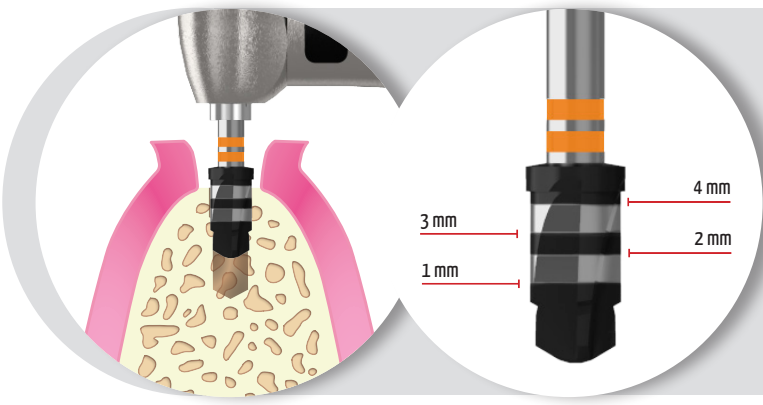
7(b). Drill depth control

To control the depth of the osteotomy use the high contrast visual markers on the drill or the appropriate stop. For the reference see the **GMI** stop instructions for use.



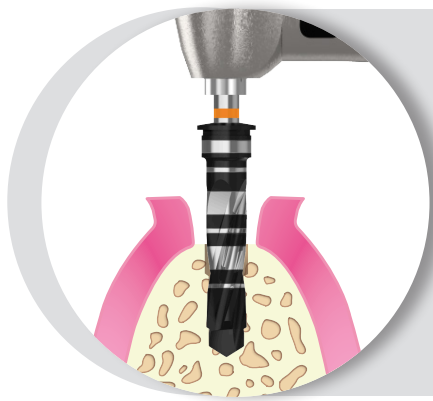
8. Check depth

Insert the depth gauge (Ref. KYLOC01XX) to check the depth of the osteotomy to make the final drilling for each implant diameter. Increase the depth of the osteotomy in case of not having the necessary depth.



9. Countersink the cortical (only for bone type II/III)

Set the engine speed between 200 and 400 rpm depending on the bone density, and use the corresponding cortical drill for the implant to place (see colour coding) to cross the cortical. Use the depth marks as a reference.



10. Perform osteotomy widening (only for bone I)

In case of dense bones (Type I and II) use the step drill $\varnothing 3.20/\varnothing 3.65\text{mm}$ (Ref. KYF0C51XX) to widen the osteotomy.

DRILLING SEQUENCES

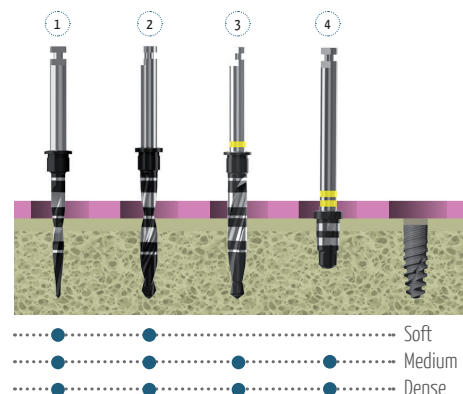


The **GMI avantgard PEAK** implant system drilling sequences and the recommended conditions for use are as follows:

- **Initial drill:** 1000 rpm.
- **Pilot drill:** 700 - 900 rpm.
- **Step and conical drills:**
 - Ø2.50 / Ø2.80 mm -----> 500-700 rpm.
 - Ø3.20 / Ø3.65 mm -----> 500-700 rpm.
 - Ø3.70 - Ø4.15 mm -----> 400-700 rpm.
 - Ø4.15 / Ø4.65 mm -----> 400 - 600 rpm.
- **Cortical drills:** 200-400 rpm.

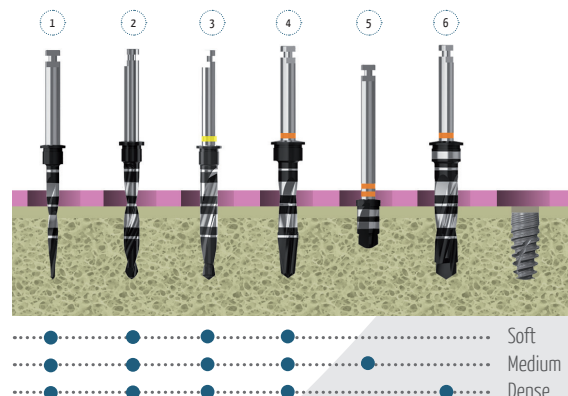
▶ AVANTGARD PEAK IMPLANT SEQUENCE Ø3.30 mm

- 1- Initial drill (KYF0C1401)
- 2- Pilot drill Ø2.50 mm (KYF0C2250)
- 3- Step drill Ø2.50/Ø2.80 mm (KYF0C5129)
- 4- Cortical drill Ø3.20 mm (KYF0C4333)



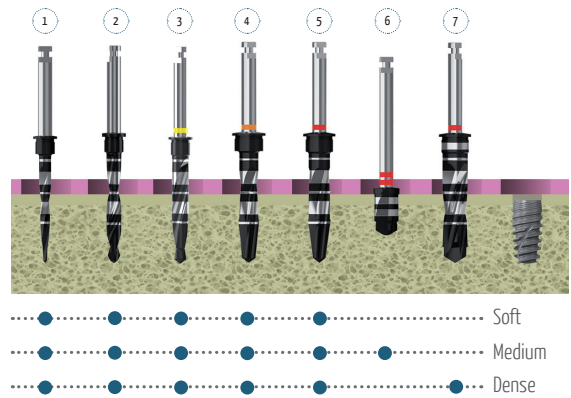
▶ AVANTGARD PEAK IMPLANT SEQUENCE Ø3.75 mm

- 1- Initial drill (KYF0C1401)
- 2- Pilot drill Ø2.50 mm (KYF0C2250)
- 3- Step drill Ø2.50/Ø2.80 mm (KYF0C5129)
- 4- Conical drill Ø3.20 mm (KYF0C7032)
- 5- Cortical drill Ø3.65 mm (KYF0C4337)
- 6- Step drill Ø3.20/Ø3.65 mm (KYF0C5137)



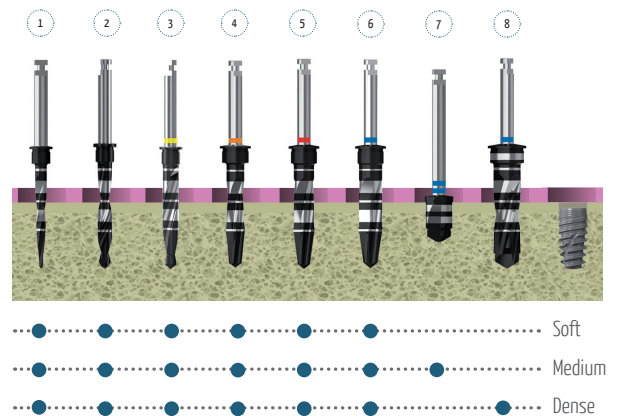
▶ AVANTGARD PEAK IMPLANT SEQUENCE Ø4.25 mm

- 1- Initial drill (KYF0C1401)
- 2- Pilot drill Ø2.50 mm (KYF0C2250)
- 3- Step drill Ø2.50/Ø2.80 mm (KYF0C5129)
- 4- Conical drill Ø3.20 mm (KYF0C7032)
- 5- Conical drill Ø3.70 mm (KYF0C7037)
- 6- Cortical drill Ø4.15 mm (KYF0C4342)
- 7- Step drill Ø3.70/Ø4.15 mm (KYF0C5142)



▶ AVANTGARD PEAK IMPLANT SEQUENCE Ø4.75 mm

- 1- Initial drill (KYF0C1401)
- 2- Pilot drill Ø2.50 mm (KYF0C2250)
- 3- Step drill Ø2.50/Ø2.80 mm (KYF0C5129)
- 4- Conical drill Ø3.20 mm (KYF0C7032)
- 5- Conical drill Ø3.70 mm (KYF0C7037)
- 6- Conical drill Ø4.20 mm (KYF0C7042)
- 7- Cortical drill Ø4.65 mm (KYF0C4347)
- 8- Step drill Ø4.15/Ø4.65 mm (KYF0C5147)



NOTE: GMI's recommended process cannot replace the judgement and experience of the surgeon.

IMPLANT INSERTION



1. Initial check

Ensure that the diameter and length indicator sticker, located at the top of the outer case, matches the diameter and length of the implant to be placed. Check the expiry date that appears in the front label is later than the date of use.



2. Open outer package

Open the tab on the box and remove the secondary packaging and adhesive labels identifying the product. Check the integrity of the secondary packaging. If some type of product manipulation is noticed please discard it.



3. Open the secondary container and remove the primary container

Check the security seal on the secondary container and discard the implant if there are signs of it having been tampered. Turn the cap anti-clockwise to break the seal. Remove the primary container and avoid hitting it against a hard surface.



4. Open primary packaging cap

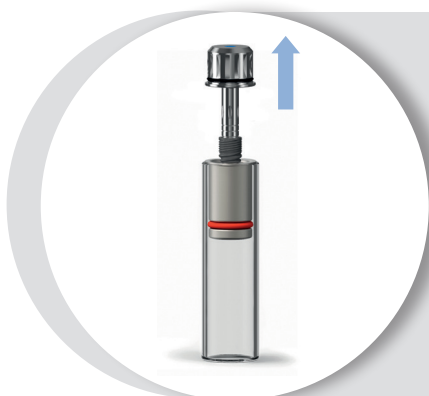
Hold the primary container vertically with the cap upwards and open the cap with a lateral movement. Store the primary cap vertically for the last phase of surgery because it contains the sealing cap inside.



5. Insert the carrier wrench into the implant

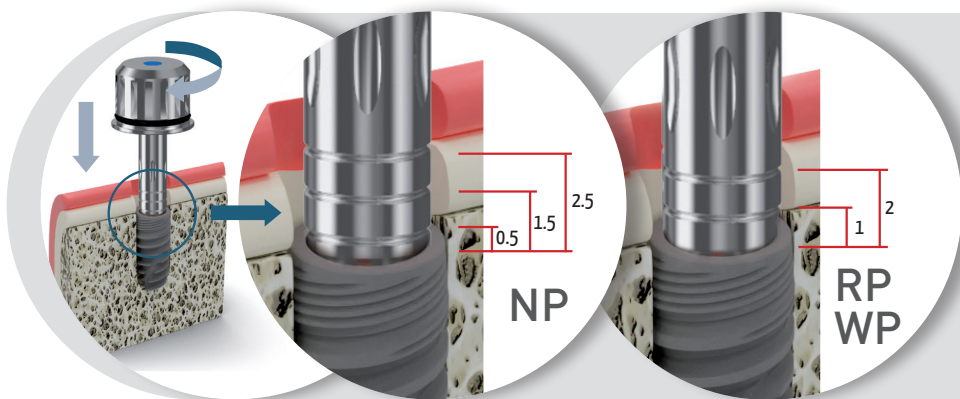
Keeping the container upright, insert the short or long **RP insertion wrench** for ratchet (Ref. KYLOC0157 or KYLOC0162) inside the implant, facing the grooves of the wrench with those of the implant.

Important: Apply moderate pressure to drive the wrench into the implant well.



6. Extract the set from the primary container

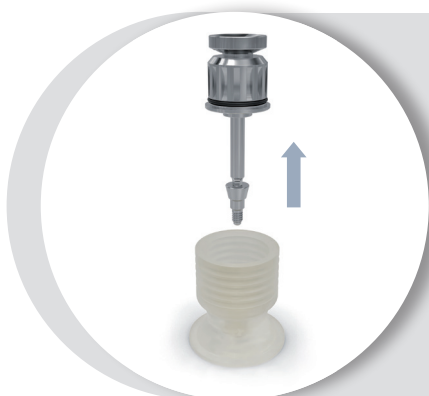
Once the wrench is properly inserted in the carrier gently remove the entire set as vertically as possible, preventing where possible the implant from rubbing the titanium support.



7. Implant insertion

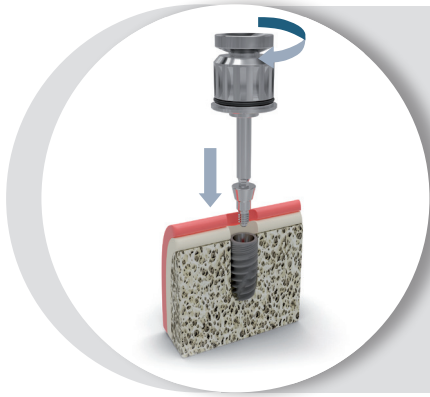
Place the implant in the bone bed applying a torque of 35 N·cm until the treated part is at the subcrestal level, between 1 and 1.5 mm below the bone crest. Extract the wrench with gentle lateral movements.

Important: Do not exceed 60 N·cm during implant insertion.



8. Extract cover screw

Insert the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYLOF0128) in the cover screw and lightly press down. Slightly turn anti-clockwise to remove the wrench-cap from the inner housing of the primary cap.



9. Place the closing cap in the implant

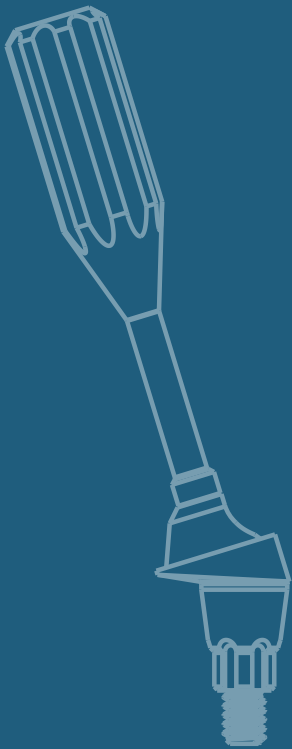
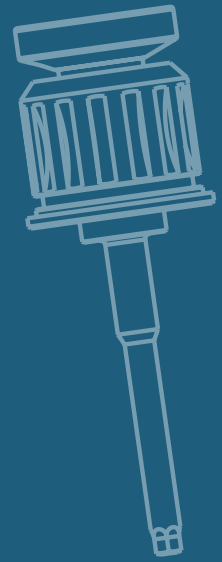
Ensure that the connection is free of bone debris or soft tissue. Using the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYLOF0128) manually thread the cover screw to the implant, applying a torque of **15 N•cm**.



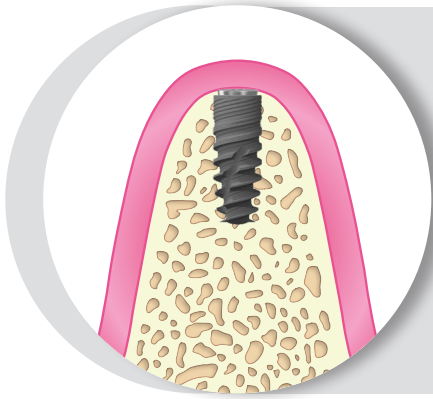
10. Suture the incision

Verify that the implant is in the correct position and that the cover screw sits perfectly on the connection. Suture the incision according to standard clinical procedures. Take a radiograph to verify the proper placement of the implant and attach it to the files.

SURGICAL
PROTOCOL
(step 2)

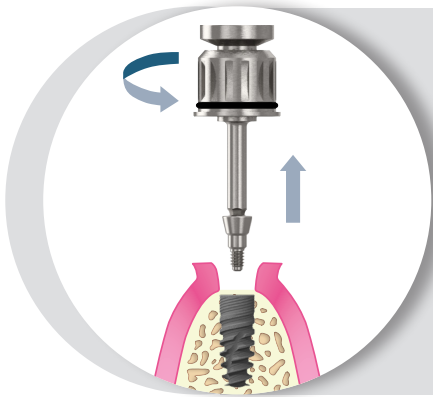


HEALING ABUTMENTS



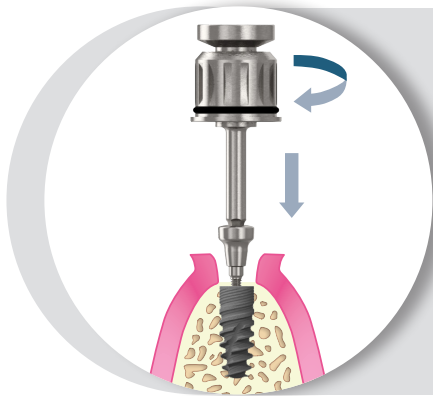
1. Uncover cover screw

Once the implant obtains osseointegration, in the case of a delayed loading protocol, proceed to the second stage of surgery making an incision to uncover cover screw.



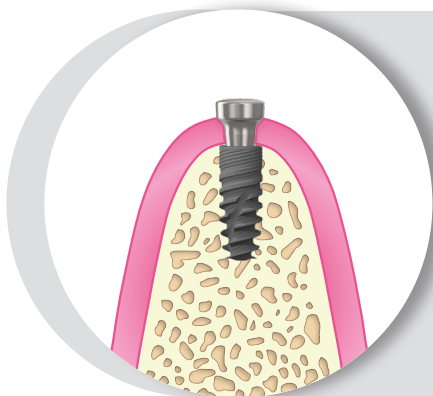
2. Remove the cover screw

Manually unscrew the cover screw from the implant with the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYL0F0128) and extract it from the implant. Ensure that the implant connection is free of bone or soft tissue.



3. Select and thread the healing abutment

Select the height and diameter of the healing abutment according to the emergency profile desired and the thickness of the existing soft tissues. Screw the selected abutment to the implant manually with the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYL0F0128) applying a torque of **15 N·cm**.



4. Check height and suture

Ensure that the healing abutment is properly placed in the implant, and it stands between 1 and 1.5 mm above the level of the gum. Suture the soft tissue around the abutment and wait until the healing phase has finished.

MULTI-ESTHETIC HEALING ABUTMENTS



▶ FUNCTION

Healing abutments for multi-esthetic abutments are responsible for protecting the parts connecting the abutments and preventing irritation to soft tissues after surgery, when an immediate restoration will not be performed.

▶ NECESSARY MATERIAL



ME straight abutment



ME angled abutment



HEX-2.00 MEA wrench



HEX-1.20 angled MEA wrench

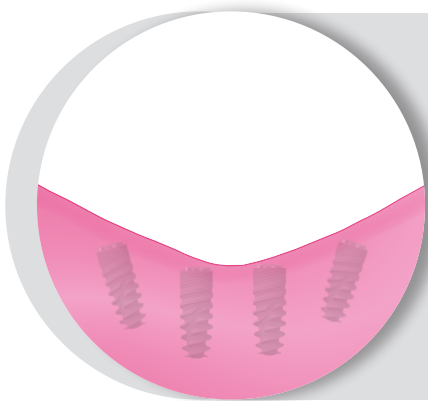


HEX-1.20 manual wrench



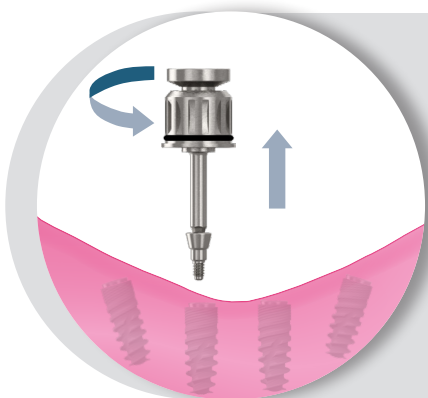
ME healing abutment

▶ PROCESS



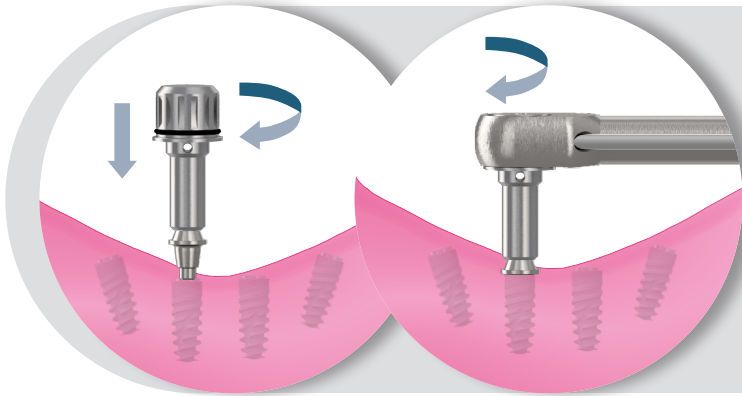
1. Uncover closure caps

Once the implant obtains osseointegration, in the case of a delayed loading protocol, proceed to the second stage of surgery making an incision to uncover the closure caps.



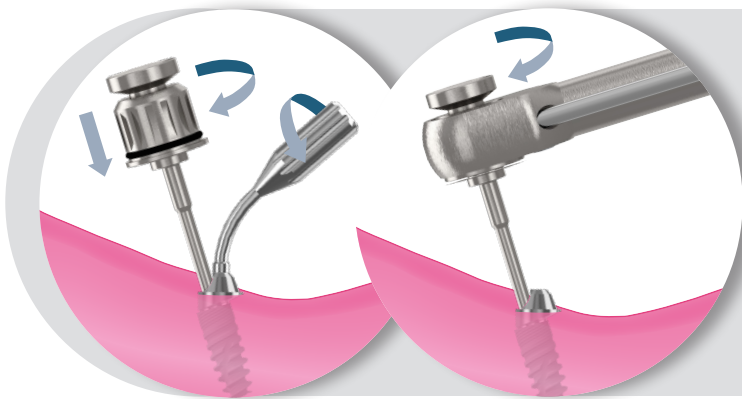
2. Remove the closure caps

Manually unscrew the caps from the implant with the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYL0F0128) and extract them from the implants. Ensure that the implant connections are free of bone or soft tissue.



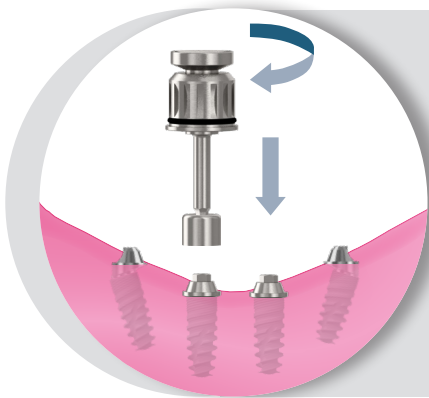
3. Select and thread the ME straight abutments

Select the emergency height and diameter of the ME straight abutments based on the implant platform and the existing soft tissue thickness. Screw the selected abutments to the implants manually with the ME abutment wrench (Ref. KYLOC0149) and end the tightening with the wrench attached to the PI torque wrench using a torque of **30 N•cm**.



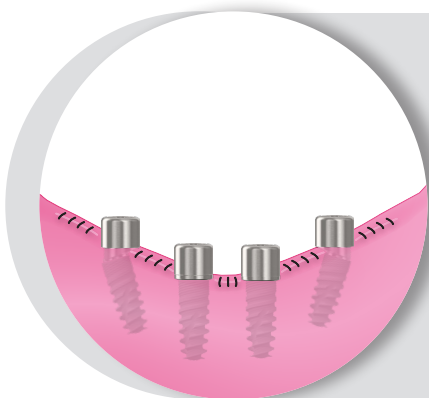
4. Select and thread the ME angled abutments

Select the diameter and angle of the ME abutments depending on the angle of the implant platform. Position the abutment and screw the ME angled abutment to the implant manually with the wrench for the inclined ME abutment (Ref. KYLOF0130). Unscrew the abutment guide and finish the tightening with the wrench attached to the PI torque wrench using a torque of **30 N•cm**.



5. Select and thread the ME healing abutments

Ensure that the platform and the cone of the multi-esthetic abutments are free of bone and soft tissue. Select the healing abutment according to the implant platform and screw it to the implant manually with the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYLOF0128) applying a torque of **15 N•cm**.



6. Check and suture

Ensure that all the healing abutments are seated correctly. Suture the soft tissue around them.

BIOESTHETIC HEALING ABUTMENTS



▶ FUNCTION

Healing abutments for bioesthetic bases are responsible for protecting the parts connecting the BE bases during the soft tissue healing phase, in cases where immediate loading protocol is not performed.

▶ NECESSARY MATERIAL



BE base



Healing abutment BE

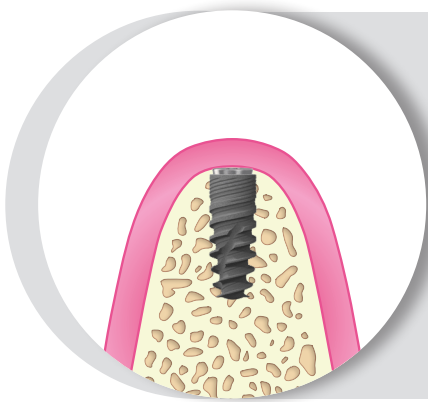


BE wrench
HEX-2.00



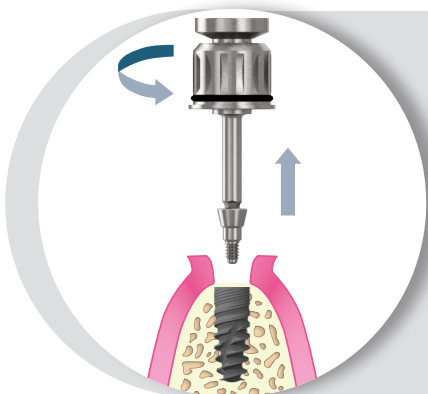
HEX-1.20
manual wrench

▶ PROCESS



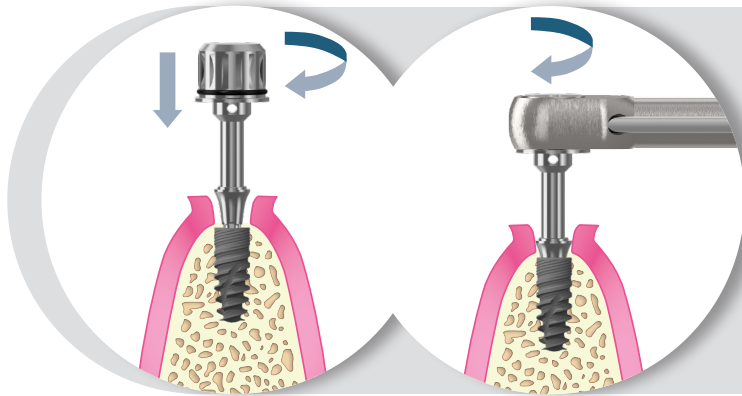
1. Uncover cover screw

Once the implant obtains osseointegration, in the case of a delayed loading protocol, proceed to the second stage of surgery making an incision to uncover cover screw.



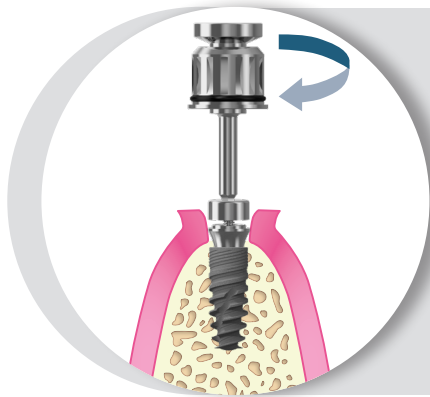
2. Remove the cover screw

Manually unscrew the cover screw from the implant with the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYLOF0128) and extract it from the implant. Ensure that the implant connection is free of bone or soft tissue.



3. Select and place the BE base

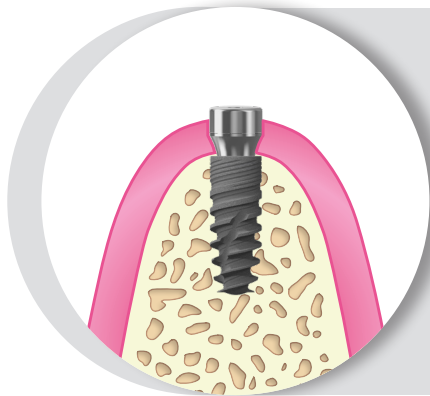
Select the emergency height of the BE base based on the implant platform and the existing soft tissue thickness. Place the selected base and fix it to the implant manually with the BE base screw and the BE wrench (Ref. KYLOC0149). End the tightening with the wrench attached to the PI torque wrench using a torque of **25 N•cm**.



4. Screw the healing abutment

Ensure that the platform and the cone of the bioesthetic base is free of bone and soft tissue.

Screw the healing abutment to the implant manually with the HEX-1.20 mm wrench (Ref. KYLOF0128) applying a torque of **15 N•cm**.



5. Check height and suture

Ensure that the healing abutment is properly placed in the implant, and it stands between 1 and 1.5 mm above the level of the gum.

Suture the soft tissue around the abutment and wait until the healing phase has finished.



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